

Table 4. Domains and data/ indicators of community quality of life.

Community	Classical quality of life concerns:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Family - Income - Labor - Education - Health - Housing conditions - Criminality - Transport - Environment - Leisure - Communication - Information - Participation - Mobility, for different motivation 		
Inhabitants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mobility - Number of inhabitants - Frequency of travel for work and study - Length and destination of travel for work and study - Means of travel - Mobility inside the city 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consuming - Type and location of utilized services - Frequency of utilization - Time of utilization 	Staying
Commuters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of commuters - Frequency in the city - Length of travel - Means of travel - Mobility inside the city (number of places frequented) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Type and location of utilized services - Frequency of utilization - Time of utilization 	
Daily city users	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of commuters - Frequency in the city - Length of travel - Means of travel - Mobility inside the city (number of places frequented) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Type and location of utilized services - Frequency of utilization - Time of utilization 	
Seasonal Tourists	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of tourists - Frequency in the city - Length of travel - Means of travel - Mobility inside the city (number of places frequented) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Type and location of utilized services - Frequency of utilization - Time of utilization 	- Nights in hotel
Businessmen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of tourists - Frequency in the city - Length of travel - Means of travel - Mobility inside the city (number of places frequented) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Type and location of utilized services - Frequency of utilization - Time of utilization 	- Nights in hotel

Table 4. Continued

Indicators of resident vs. non-resident conflicts (objective)

Space occupation (gentryfication)

- % of multinational enterprise headquarters out of local enterprises
- % of non-residential buildings (sq. m tertiary sector) out of residential buildings (variation in the last 20 years)
- Housing and retail services rent costs (\$ per sq. m)
- Number of evictions per 1,000 dwellings in specific areas

Accessibility (traffic and congestion)

- Population density considering resident and non-resident populations
- % of daily in-comers out of out-comers
- Average queue time for basic services
- % of non-resident cars out of resident cars
- Average traffic speed in rush hour in downtown neighborhoods
- Average time needed to access basic services (hospital, bank, post office, supermarkets, railway station, airport) by urban public transport
- % of non-resident out of resident users of specific services
- Average delay of public transportation
- Internet accesses to public services by resident and non-resident populations
- Number of personal computers per 1,000 households
- Number of cellular phones per 1,000 households

Cultural (predominance of external cultural model)

- % of people speaking a foreign language
- % of people speaking a local dialect
- Number of foreign restaurants
- Number of international fast-food chains
- % of immigrants (regular and non regular)
- % of cultural and political associations oriented to promoting identity of foreign community out of total associations

Socioeconomic (inequalities)

- % of non-resident out of resident employees in a specific sector
- Gini index considering resident and non-resident populations
- Cost of living
- % of low paid workers per sector

Fiscal (taxation for local services)

- Amount of taxes paid by inhabitants for financing public services available for resident and non-resident populations
- Special price for residents for transportation services (% of normal price)

Indicators of resident vs. non-resident conflicts (subjective)

- % of residents forced to change neighborhood unsatisfied with their new housing conditions
 - % of residents and non-residents declaring problems in accessing services by type of problem: distance, overcrowding, cost, time schedule
 - % of residents and non-residents with low levels of identity with the area where they live
 - % of residents and non-residents unsatisfied with the cost of living in their area
 - % of residents and non-residents favorable to charging in-comers with entrance tickets
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